ROYAL MONETRAY AUTHORITY OF BHUTAN



Penalties Rules and Regulations 2019

In pursuant to the power vested under the Chapter 11 of the Financial Services Act of Bhutan 2011 and Section 9(f) and (h) of the Royal Monetary Act of Bhutan 2010, the Authority hereby issues the Rules & Regulations for imposition of penalties to the service providers for violation of the provisions specified under these Rules and Regulations. These Rules and Regulations shall come into force from 1st July 2019 and supersede the existing provisions of the Rules and Regulations, Circulars, Guidelines or Notifications pertaining to penalties issued by the Authority.

Contents

PART	I - I	PRELIMINARY	2
1	۱.	Short Title	2
2	2.	Application	2
3	3.	Purpose	2
۷	1.	Amendment	2
5	5.	Interpretation	3
6	5.	Proviso	3
7	7.	Waiver	3
8	3.	General Provision	3
PART	` II -	- PENALTIES	3
Ģ).	Penalties under the purview of Department of Financial Regulation and Supervision	3
9	9.1.	Penalty Framework for Non-compliance – Financial Services Act of Bhutan 2011	3
9	9.2.	Penalty Framework for Non-compliance – Prudential Regulations 2017	5
9	9.3.	Penalty Framework for Non-compliance – Microloan Institutions Regulations 2014	7
9	0.4.	Penalty Framework for Non-compliance – Rules and Regulations for Deposit- Taking Microfinance Institutions in Bhutan 2016	8
9	9.5.	Penalty Framework for Non-compliance – Credit Information Bureau Regulations 2017	0
9	9.6.	Penalty Framework for Non-compliance – Marco Prudential Rules and Regulation 20181	1
9) .7.	Penalty Framework for Non-compliance – Guidelines on Housing Loan, Consumer Loan and Transport Loan	1
9	9.8.	Penalty Framework for Non-compliance - Rules and Regulations for Insurance & Re-insurance Companies 2018	2
9	9.9.	Penalty framework for Non-compliance – Agent Banking Rules and Regulations 2016	2
1	10.	Penalties under the purview of Department of Macroeconomics Research and Statistics1	3
1	.1.	Penalty Framework for Non-compliance – Monetary Policy Implementation Framework 2018 1	3
1	11.	Penalties under the purview of Department of Foreign Exchange1	4
1	1.1	Penalty Framework for Non-compliance – Foreign Exchange Rules and Regulations 20181	4
1	12.	Penalties under the purview of Department of Payment and Settlement System2	1
1	2.1	Penalty Framework for Non-compliance - Payment and Settlement System2	1
F	Rule	s and Regulations 20182	1
1	2.2	Penalty Framework for Non-compliance -e-Money Issuers Rules and Regulations 20172	3
1	12	Definition 2	5

PART – I PRELIMINARY

1. Short Title

These Rules and Regulations shall be called the Penalty Rules & Regulations 2019.

2. Application

These Rules and Regulations shall apply to:

- 2.1. All financial institutions licensed under the Act;
- 2.2. Any other financial services providers licensed by or registered with the Authority; and
- 2.3. Any person who is subject to or affected by the Acts or existing Rules and Regulations issued by the Authority.

3. Purpose

- 3.1. The purpose of these Rules and Regulations is to provide a clear framework for assessing and imposing administrative penalties against financial institutions licensed under the Act, any other financial service providers licensed by or registered with the Authority or any other person who has:
 - 3.1.1 Violated any provision of the Acts, existing Rules and Regulations issued under the Acts; and
 - 3.1.2 Failed to comply with any directive or order issued by or any condition imposed by the Authority;
- 3.2. Enhance the integrity of the banking sector or financial service providers by ensuring that any violation of the Acts and any other Rules and Regulations, directives, circulars and notifications issued by the Authority under the Acts are strictly monitored and penalized as per these Rules and Regulations;
- 3.3. Promote full compliance with the Acts and any other Rules and Regulations, directives, circulars and notifications issued by the Authority;
- 3.4. Deter financial institutions or regulated entity and any other person from engaging in delinquent acts or omissions; and
- 3.5. Provide guidance for the assessment of quantum of administrative penalty to be levied by the Authority.

4. Amendment

These Rules and Regulations may be amended in part, or in whole, by the Board based on the recommendation of the Management.

5. Interpretation

The Authority to interpret these Rules and Regulations shall vest with the Management/ Executive committee, which, if warranted, may issue such instruction and clarification from time to time.

6. Proviso

Any violation of the new directives, circulars, notifications, guidelines, Rules and Regulations issued by Authority on issues which are not covered under these Penalty Rules and Regulations shall be subjected to penalties as per the decision of the Authority made from time to time.

7. Waiver

Depending on the appeal and gravity of violation, the Managementshall have the discretionary power to waive the penalty or the Managementmay submit a proposal for waiver of penalty to the Executive Committee/ Board.

8. General Provision

The Authority reserves the right to add any penalties issued from time to time in these Rules and Regulations.

PART II – PENALTIES

9. Penalties under the purview of Department of Financial Regulation and Supervision

9.1. Penalty Framework for Non-compliance – Financial Services Act of Bhutan 2011

rregularity	Penalty
ecutive Officer ensed institution shall appoint a cutive officer who shall be aral person; and ent in Bhutan during the period of	After the expiry of CEO's term, new appointment of CEO has to be made within 90 days. Thereafter, any noncompliance after the said period, a fine of Nu. 10,000.00 per day shall be imposed until the compliance.
֡	ecutive Officer tensed institution shall appoint a cutive officer who shall be aral person; and tent in Bhutan during the period of attment.

Section 50	Restrictions on ownership of financial institution and investments by financial institutions No person shall hold more than the following percentage of interest in shares of a financial institution: (a) In case of an individual, 20 percent, (b) In the case of a company not being a financial institution, 30 percent, (c) In the case of a company being a financial institution, as per the limit provided under section 56 of the FSA 2011, and (d) In case of a foreign financial institution, as per the RMA regulations in line with the foreign direct investment policy.	 (a) The Authority shall impose a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital. (b) The FIs shall be given 90 days for compliance. (c) Thereafter, any noncompliance, a fine of Nu. 10,000.00per day shall be imposed until the compliance.
Section 138	Penalty for misinformation Any person who knowingly provides the Authority or any other person with information which, in a material particular, is false, misleading or incomplete in purported compliance with a requirement imposed by or under this Act, or otherwise in circumstances in which the person providing the information intends, or could be reasonably be expected to know, that the information would be used by the Authority for the purpose of exercising its functions under this Act, commits an offence and is liable to an appropriate fine specified by the Authority in the regulations issued by the Authority.	 (a) The Authority shall impose a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital. (b) The FIs shall be given 30 days for compliance. (c) Thereafter, any non-compliance, a fine of Nu. 10,000.00per dayshall be imposeduntil the compliance.

9.2. Penalty Framework for Non-compliance – Prudential Regulations 2017

Violation	Area of Irregularity	Penalty
Section 1.4 (i) & (ii)	Minimum Capital Adequacy Ratios (i) Every financial institution shall maintain at all times a Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) of not less than 10%; and (ii) Every financial institution shall in addition maintain at all times a core capital adequacy ratio of not less than 5%.	 (a) TheAuthority shall impose a fine of 0.05 % of the minimum paid-up capital. (b) The FIs shall be given 90 days followed by regulatory intervention.
Section 1.14 Section 1.14.3	Minimum Leverage Ratio Financial institutions shall maintain a minimum leverage ratio of 5%.	 (a) The Authority shall impose a fine of 0.05% of minimum paid-up capital. (b) The FIs shall be given 90 days followed by regulatory intervention.
Section 2.3	Restrictions on transactions with related parties	 (a) The Authority shall impose a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital. (b) The FIs shall be given 90 days for compliance. (c) Thereafter, any non compliance, a fine of Nu. 10,000.00per day shall be imposeduntil the compliance.
Section 3.3	Single Borrower Limit	 (a) The Authority shall impose a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital. (b) The FIs shall be 90 days for compliance. (c) Thereafter, any non-compliance, a fine of Nu. 10,000.00per day shall be imposed until the compliance.

Section 3.5	Limit on credit to ten largest counterparties The aggregate of the ten largest exposures of a financial institution to any counterparty or persons defined as single	(a) The Authority shall impose a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital.
	counterparty, shall not at any time, exceed 30% of its total loans (including off-balance sheet exposure).	(b) The FIs shall be given 90 days for compliance.
		(c) Thereafter, any non-compliance, a fine of Nu. 10,000.00per dayshall be imposed until the compliance.
Section 3.6	Consortium Financing	(a) The Authority shall
Section 3.6 (b)	The amount of loan sanctioned shall not, in anyway, exceed the 25% of total capital fund of a financial institution, except that where the consortium financing	impose a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital.
	arrangement was entered into before the commencement of these rules and regulations.	(b) The FIs shall be given 90 days for compliance.
		(c) Thereafter, any non-compliance, a fine of Nu. 10,000.00per dayshall be imposed until the compliance.
Section 4.6.2	Rescheduled Credit Facility	The Authority shall impose a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital.
Section 5.4.2	Statutory Liquidity Requirement Ratio Every financial institution shall, at all times, maintain minimum liquidity in the form of quick assets, in a ratio not less than that set out below:	(a) The Authority shall impose a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital.
	(a) Banks - 20% of total liabilities excluding capital fund and liabilities to the RMA.	(b) The FIs shall be given 90 days followed by regulatory intervention.
	(b) Non-bank financial institutions - 10% of total liabilities excluding capital fund and liabilities to the RMA.	
Section 16	Reporting Requirements	(a) For late reporting, the Authority shall impose a fine 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital.
		(b) Wrong/incomplete

Reporting:
i. The Authority shall impose a fine 0 .025% of minimum paid-up capital.
ii. The FIs shall be given 15 days for correction.
iii. Thereafter, any non- compliance, a fine of Nu. 10,000.00per day shall be imposeduntil the compliance.

9.3. Penalty Framework for Non-compliance – Microloan Institutions Regulations 2014

Violation	Area of Irregularity	Penalty
Section 2.1 (e)	Loan Limit Loan Limit exceeding Nu.500,000 and/or provided for personal consumption purposes.	(a) The Authority shall impose a fine of Nu.1,000.00.
		(b) The MFIs shall be given 90 days for compliance.
		(c) Thereafter, any non-compliance, a fine of Nu. 500.00per day shall be imposed until the compliance.
Section 6	Reporting, Inspection and Sanctions. Reporting (1) Every microloan institution shall get its books of accounts audited and submit a copy of the annual audited accounts to the Authority within three months of the close of the financial year.	 (a) The Authority shall impose a fine of Nu. 1,000.00. (b) The MFIs shall be given 15 days for compliance.
		(c) Thereafter, any non- compliance, a fine of Nu. 500.00per day shall be imposed until the compliance.

Report Submission to the Authority	(a) The Authority shall
(2) Every microloan institution shall,	impose a fine of
quarterly and within one month of the	Nu.1,000.00.
end of the reporting period, submit to	
the Authority in the prescribed form	(b) The MFIs shall be given
information regarding:	15 days for compliance.
i. its loan portfolio including, but not	2 0 1
limited to, the number of	(c) Thereafter, any non-
borrowers, aggregate outstanding	compliance, a fine of Nu.
loan portfolio, and a breakdown of	500.00 per day shall be
loans by size;	imposed until the
ii. donors/sponsors, with detail of the	compliance.
funds received	1

9.4. Penalty Framework for Non-compliance – Rules and Regulations for Deposit-Taking Microfinance Institutions in Bhutan 2016

Violation	Area of Irregularity	Penalty
Section 2 (k)	Loan Limit Loan Limit exceeding Nu.500,000 and/or provided for personal consumption purposes.	(d) The Authority shall impose a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital.
		(e) The DMFIs shall be given 90 days for compliance.
		(f) Thereafter, any non-compliance, a fine of Nu. 1,000.00per day shall be imposed until the compliance.
Section 4.1.3	Capital Adequacy Ratio A DMFI shall maintain a minimum capital adequacy ratio of at least 15%.	(a) The Authority shall impose a fine of 0.05% of minimum paid-up capital.
		(b) The DMFIs shall be given 90 days followed by regulatory intervention.
Section 5.5	Credit to Related Party A DMFI shall not extend credit to any of its related party. The related party shall have the same meaning as defined in the Prudential Rules and Regulations 2016.	(a) The Authority shall impose a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital.
		(b) The DMFIs shall be given 90 days for compliance.

		(c) Thereafter, any non-compliance, a fine of Nu. 1,000.00per day shall be imposed until the compliance.
Section 10.2	Maximum Exposure Limit on exposure to a single borrower: The maximum number of microloans outstanding to a single borrower and its immediate family members at any time is	(a) The Authority shall impose a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital.
	two.	(b) The DMFIs shall be given 90 days for compliance.
		(c) Thereafter, any non compliance, a fine of Nu. 1,000.00 per day shall be imposed until the compliance.
Section 12	Liquidity Requirement All DMFIs shall maintain a Statutory Liquidity Ratio (SLR) of 10 percent of total liabilities excluding capital funds	(a) The Authority shall impose a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital.
		(b) The DMFIs shall be given 90 days for compliance.
		(c) Thereafter, any non-compliance, a fine of Nu. 1,000.00per dayshall be imposed until the compliance.
Section 19	Reporting Requirements 19.1 Audit and submission of Accounts	(a) For late reporting, the Authority shall impose a fine of Nu. 1,000 per day.
	The DMFI shall get its books of accounts audited and submit a copy of the annual audited accounts to the Authority within three months of the close of the financial year.	(b) Wrong/incomplete Reporting: i. The Authority shall impose a fine of Nu. 1,000.00 per day.
	19.2 Submission of Financial Returns For off-site surveillance, the DMFI shall submit the report to the Authority as per the format prescribed by the Authority.	ii. The FIs shall be given 15 days for correction.
		iii. Thereafter, any non- compliance, a fine of

	Nu. 1,000.00 per day shall be imposeduntil the compliance.
	ine compilation.

9.5. Penalty Framework for Non-compliance – Credit Information Bureau Regulations 2017

Violation	Area of Irregularity	Penalty
Section 4 (vi,vii,viii)	Functions and Responsibilities of a CIB The CIB shall: Ensure confidentiality of information relating to a borrower/client at all times; Not share the information reported to a CIB, outside the territory of Bhutan, except provided by the law; and Not Collect, record or process any sensitive personal data, unless authorized by the Authority.	(a) The Authority shall impose a fine of Nu 100,000.00.
Section 5	Reporting of data to a CIB A data provider shall report to a CIB the information and data set out in a file format as defined by a CIB.	 (a) For late reporting, the Authority shall impose a fine 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital. (b) Wrong/incomplete Reporting: The Authority shall impose a fine 0.025% of minimum paid- up capita of reporting entity. The FIs shall be given 15 days for correction. Thereafter, any noncompliance, a fine of Nu. 10,000.00per day shall be imposeduntil

Section 10	Prohibited use of CIB data	(a) The Authority shall
	Data User (as defined in Section 8 of CIB	impose a fine of Nu.
	Regulations) shall not obtain and use CIB	100,000.00.
	data, for reasons of offerings or advertising	
	to a potential borrower as to a past borrower.	

9.6. Penalty Framework for Non-compliance – Marco Prudential Rules and Regulation 2018

Violation	Area of Irregularity	Penalty
Section 3	Loan to value and loan to income restrictions	(a) The Authority shall impose a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital.
		(b) The FI's shall be given 90 days for compliance.
		(c) Thereafter, any non-compliance, a fine of Nu. 10,000.00 per day shall be imposed until the compliance.
	Disclosure Requirements	(a) The Authority shall
Section 4	The annual disclosures shall comprise of all items as per section 96 (a) of FSA, 2011 and items specified by section 3.2.2 and section 3.2.3 and format attached in MPR regulation 2015.	impose a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital.

9.7. Penalty Framework for Non-compliance – Guidelines on Housing Loan, Consumer Loan and Transport Loan

Violation	Area of Irregularity	Penalty
Section 6.1 and 6.2 of	LTV/LTI violations and loan	(a) The Authority shall
Guidelines on Commercial	limits	impose a fine of 0.025%
Housing Loans and Home		of minimum paid-up
Loan		capital.
Section 5 (iii)&6 (vi) of		(b) The FIs shall be given 90
Guidelines on Consumer		days for compliance.
Loans 2014		
		(c) Thereafter, any non-
Section 6.1 and 8.5 of		compliance, a fine of Nu.
Guidelines on Motor		10,000.00 per day shall

Vehicle Loan	be	imposeduntil	the
	com	pliance.	

9.8. Penalty Framework for Non-compliance - Rules and Regulations for Insurance & Re-insurance Companies 2018

Violation	Area of Irregularity	Penalty
Section 28	Assets of an insurer not to be mortgaged or charged Assets of an insurer or reinsurer shall not be mortgaged or subject to any other form of charge or encumbrance without the consent of the Authority. In the absence of this consent being given, any mortgage or charge purportedly registered against the assets shall be void against the rights of a liquidator or creditor in the event of insolvency.	 (a) The Authority shall impose a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid up capital. (b) The FIs shall be given 90 days for compliance. (c) Thereafter, any noncompliance, a fine of Nu. 10,000.00per dayshall be imposed until the compliance.

9.9. Penalty framework for Non-compliance – Agent Banking Rules and Regulations 2016

Violation	Area of Irregularity	Penalty
Section 2.1.2	Regulation and Approval Process A bank seeking to conduct its business through an agent shall apply and obtain a prior written approval of the Authority before commencing agent business.	(a) The Authority shall impose a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital.
		(b) The FIs shall be given 30 days for compliance.
		(c) Thereafter, any non- compliance, a fine of Nu. 10,000.00 per day shall be imposeduntil the compliance.
Section 4	Agency contract and permissible activities	(a) The Authority shall impose a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital.

Section 10	Reporting requirements	(a) The Authority shall
	Submission of data and statistical returns to	impose a fine of 0.025%
	the Authority	of minimum paid-up
		capital.

10. Penalties under the purview of Department of Macroeconomics Research and Statistics

10.1. Penalty Framework for Non-compliance – Monetary Policy Implementation Framework 2018

Violation	Area of Irregularity	Penalty
Section 2.1 and 2.2	Open Market Operations and the Standing Facilities	(a) For failure to comply with an obligation referred to in 2.2.1 of the Monetary Policy Implementation Framework, a penalty shall be imposed using the marginal lending facility rate on the day when the non-compliance began plus 1 percentage points. For repeated infringements within 12-month period, the penalty rate increases by a further 1 percentage points for each infringement.
		(b) For failure to comply with the amount of collateral or cash that the counterparty could not deliver or settle (except for failure addressed in Section 7.2 of the Monetary Policy Implementation Framework), a penalty is calculated by applying a rate equal to marginal lending facility rate plus

		I percentage points, on the number of days that the counterparty could not deliver or settle.
Section 2.3	Cash Reserve Ratio (CRR)	(a) The Authority shall impose a penalty as determine from time to time on the shortfall amount.
		(b) In the event of a serious infringement, the Authority may suspend counterparty from participating in OMOs.
		(c) In exceptional cases, the Authority may suspend counter party from participating in OMOs for any failure to comply with any of the obligations included in the MPIF.
	Minimum penalty	(a) The Authority will impose a minimum penalty of Nu. 10,000.00where the calculation results in an amount of less than Nu. 10,000.00.

11. Penalties under the purview of Department of Foreign Exchange

11.1 Penalty Framework for Non-compliance – Foreign Exchange Rules and Regulations 2018

Violation	Area of Irregularity		Penalty
Chapter II:	Import and export of currency, gold, and		
	silver		
Section 6	Import and export of currency	a)	The amount involved under Section 6(b), (c) and (d) shall be

Section 7		confiscated and may be prosecuted by the relevant agencies, if the act is deemed to be an offence under the laws of Kingdom of Bhutan;
Section /	Import and export of gold and silver	(b) The goods involved in the contravention under Section 7(a) shall be confiscated and may be prosecuted by the relevant agencies, if the act is deemed to be an offence under the laws of Kingdom of Bhutan.
Chapter IIIA	Authorization to deal in foreign exchange	(a) An un-authorized person dealing with or transferring foreign exchange shall be liable to a fine not exceeding
		two times the amount involved in contravention.
Chapter IIIB	Foreign exchange transactions, exchange	
	rates, and foreign exchange holdings of	
	authorized banks	
	authorized banks	
Section 10	Foreign exchange transactions by authorized banks	(a) An authorized bank failing to comply with Section 10(a) to (j), Section 11(b) to (c) and Section 12 (a) to (b) shall be impose a fine of
Section 10 Section 11	Foreign exchange transactions by authorized	failing to comply with Section 10(a) to (j), Section 11(b) to (c) and
	Foreign exchange transactions by authorized banks	failing to comply with Section 10(a) to (j), Section 11(b) to (c) and Section 12 (a) to (b) shall be impose a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital and be given 15 days for

Chapter IIIC	Foreign exchange transactions, exchange	
	rates, and foreign exchange holdings of	
	authorized money changers	
Section 14	Foreign exchange license of authorized money changers	(a) An authorized money changer shall be imposed a fine not exceeding two times the amount
Section 15	Foreign exchange transactions by authorized money changers	involved in contravention for violation of Section 14 (a) to (d), Section 15(a) to (j) and Section 16(c).
Section 16	Exchange rate	10(0).
Chapter IV	International money transfer-services	
Section 18 Section 19	Inward remittances Outward remittances	(a) An authorized bank and authorized money transfer agents failing to comply with Section 18(a) to (b) and Section 19, a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital shall be imposedand be given 15 days for compliance.
		(b) Thereafter, any non-compliance, a fine of Nu. 10,000.00 per day shall be imposeduntil compliance.
Chapter V	Payment arrangements	
Section 21 Section 22	Payments and transfers Electronic fund transfer cards	(a) A person shall be imposed a fine equivalent to the amount involved in the contravening Section 21(a) to (g) and Section
Chapter VI	Current transactions	22(a) to (d). (a) An authorized bank failing to comply with

	current transactions with residents of	Section 24(a) to (d) and
Section 24	India Current transactions with India	Section 25 (a) to (f), a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid up capital shall be imposedand be given 15 days for
		compliance. (b) Thereafter, any non-
Section 25	Current transactions with third countries	compliance, a fine of Nu. 10,000.00 per day shall be imposeduntil compliance.
		(c) However, if a person fails to comply with above mentioned Sections, a fine equivalent to the amount involved shall be
Chapter VIB	Current transactions with resident of	imposed.
	third countries	
Section 26	Freight and transportation cost	(a) An authorized bank failing to comply with the requirements and exceed
Section 27	Tickets for travel	the limit prescribed under Section 26 to Section 39, a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital
Section 28	Official travel	shall be imposedand be given 15 days for compliance.
Section 29	Business travel	(l-) Tl
Section 30	Medical-related travel	(b) Thereafter, any non-compliance, a fine of Nu. 10,000.00 per day shall be imposed until
Section 31	Education-related travel	compliance. (c) However, if a person fails
Section 32	Private travel	to comply with the requirementsand exceed the limit prescribed under Section 26 to Section 39
Section 33	Family remittances	and other specific guideline issued by
Section 34	Insurance services	Authority, a fine equivalent to the amount involved shall be

		imposed.
Section 35	Payment for invisibles	1
Section 36	Payment for communication/information and	
	telecommunication services	
Section 37	Import of permissible raw	
	materials and capital goods in convertible	
	currency	
G .: 20		
Section 38	Current transactions of the royal government	
	of Bhutan and its agencies and public sector	
	entities	
Section 39	Current transactions for external commercial	
	borrowing and foreign direct investment	
Chapter VII	Capital transactions	
Section 40	Inward foreign direct investment	(a) A person shall be imposed a fine equivalent to the amount involved
Section 41	External commercial borrowing	for contravening Section 40 to Section 43 and may be prosecuted by the
Section 42	Immoveable property	relevant agencies, if the act is deemed to be an offence under the laws of Kingdom of Bhutan.
Section 43	Investment abroad	Kingdom of Bhuidh.
Chapter VIII	Bank accounts in Bhutan and abroad	(n) An mud 1 1 1 1
Section 44	Foreign currency accounts in Bhutan	(a) An authorized bank failing to comply with the requirements and exceed the limit prescribed under
Section 45	Domestic currency accounts in Bhutan	Section 44 to Section 46, a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital
Section 46	Foreign currency account abroad	shall be imposedand be given 15 days for compliance.

		 (b) Thereafter, any non-compliance, a fine of Nu. 10,000.00 per day shall be imposeduntil compliance. (c) However, if a person fails to comply with the requirements and exceed the limit prescribed under Section 26 to Section 39 and other specific guideline issued by Authority, a fine equivalent to the amount involved shall be imposed.
Chapter IX	Records, reporting, provisions of	imposeu.
	information and inspections	
Section 48	Maintenance of records	(a) A person specified by Authorityfor reporting under Section 49 to Section 52 shall imposed
Section 49 Section 50	Reporting by authorized banks Reporting by authorized money changers	penalty as follows: (i) Late reporting: Authority shall impose a fine of Nu. 10,000.00
Section 51	Reporting by authorized money transfer agents	per day; (ii) Wrong/incomplete Reporting: a) Authority shall impose a fine of Nu. 10,000.00.
Section 52	Reporting by others	b) The FIs shall be given 15 days for correction; and
		c) Thereafter, any non-compliance, a fine of Nu. 10,000.00 per day shall be imposeduntil compliance.

Others	(a) A person shall be liable for a fine, not exceeding two times the amount involved in the transaction or impose an appropriate fine determined by the Authority for:
	(i) Violating the Foreign Exchange Rules and Regulations 2018;
	(ii) Violating the Foreign Exchange Operational Guidelines 2018; and
	(iii)Not complying with the directives and notifications issued by the Authority.
	(b) Where the penalties are not expressly specified under theForeign Exchange Rules and Regulations 2018or Foreign Exchange Operational Guidelines 2018, the Authority reserves the right to determine other appropriate penalties.
	(c) Notwithstanding the Section (a) above, any person found forging

documents and aiding illegal transactions shall be dealt with as per the relevant laws of the Kingdom of Bhutan.

12. Penalties under the purview of Department of Payment and Settlement System

12.1 Penalty Framework for Non-compliance - Payment and Settlement System

Rules and Regulations 2018

Violation	Area of Irregularity	Penalty
Section 2.7	Authorization and issuance of payment instruments	
Section 2.7.3	No payment Service Providers shall introduce any new payment instrument or service without prior written approval of the Authority.	(a) The Authority shall impose a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital.
Section 2.7.6	No Payment Service Providers shall issue any new payment instrument to a person unless the issuer has:	
Subsection 2.7.6.1	Complied with the requirements set in these rules and regulations;	
Subsection 2.7.6.2	Submitted to the Authority information contained in Form B in full as specified;	
Section 2.7.7	The Authority may in granting authorization:	
Subsection 2.7.7.1	Require all or any of the documents submitted to be modified and altered as it may deem necessary;	
Subsection 2.7.7.2	Impose such restriction, limitations or conditions as it may deem fit.	

Section 4.1.1	The Authority may, from time to time, prescribe to Payment Service Providers, operator of a payment system, participant and other persons, as applicable:	(a) The FIs and PSPs shall be given a grace period of 180 days for compliance.
Subsection 4.1.1.6	Sound and prudent management, administrative and accounting procedures and adequate internal control systems of system and Payment Service Provider;	(b) Thereafter, any non-compliance after the grace period, a fine of Nu. 10,000.00 per day shall be imposeduntil compliance.
Subsection 4.1.1.7	Appropriate and tested technology;	
Subsection 4.1.1.8	Appropriate security policies and measures intended to safeguard the integrity, authenticity, and confidentiality of data and operating processes;	
Subsection 4.1.1.9	An adequate business continuity and disaster recovery plan;	
Subsection 4.1.1.10	An effective internal audit function to provide periodic review of the security control environment and critical technology systems; and	
Subsection 4.1.1.11	Such other standards to be complied with by system and payment services provider generally.	
Section 6 and subsection thereof	Powers to call for returns, documents or other information	(a) For late reporting, the Authority shall impose a fine of Nu. 10,000.00 per day until compliance.

		(b) Wrong/incomplete Reporting: i. The Authority shall impose a fine of Nu. 10,000.00per day. ii. The FIs shall be given 15 days for correction. iii. Thereafter, any non- compliance, a fine of Nu. 10,000.00 per dayshall be imposed until compliance.
Section 8 and Subsection thereof	Duties of a Payment Service provider and System	(a) The Authority shall impose a fine of
	Provider	Nu.1,000.00.

12.2 Penalty Framework for Non-compliance -e-Money Issuers Rules and Regulations 2017

Violation	Area of Irregularity	Penalty
Section 18	Over sight	
Section 19	Reporting and Notification	(a) For late reporting, the Authority shall impose a fine of Nu. 10,000.00 per day.
Subsection (i)	Notwithstanding anything contained in chapter 8 of the FSA, e-Money issuer shall, within ten (10) working days of the end of every calendar month, submit to the Authority the information regarding: a) the number of e-Money accounts issued by it; b) the volumes and values of its e-Money transactions; c) the total of outstanding e-Money balances held by it; d) liquid assets of e-Money issuer; e) incidents of fraud, theft or robbery, including at its	 (b) Wrong/incomplete Reporting: i. The Authority shall impose a fine of Nu. 10,000.00 per day. ii. The e-Money institution shall be given 15 days for correction. iii. Thereafter, any non- compliance a fine of Nu. 10,000.00 per dayshall be imposed until compliance.

	agents, if any; f) number of complaints received and analyzed by category and agent location; g) material service interruptions and major security breaches; h) detailed information about agents as prescribed under section 17 above; and i) such other information as may be required by the Authority from time to time.	
Subsection (ii)	Every e-Money issuer shall get its books of accounts audited and submit a copy of the annual audited accounts to the Authority within one month of the close of the financial/calendar year.	(c) The Authority shall impose a fine of Nu.1,000.00.
Subsection (iii)	Any substantial change or enhancement in the e-Money product which an e-Money issuer intends to introduce must be subject to the approval of the Authority and the e-Money issuer must notify the Authority in writing thirty (30) days prior to the proposed implementation of the change or enhancement. A substantial change or enhancement is one that will expand the scope or change the nature of the e-Money product and may include, among others, the following: a) additional functionality of the e-Money product such as enabling new e-channels; and b) changing the payment service providers and other major partners in the business.	(d) The Authority shall impose a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital.

Section 21	Duties of E-Money Issuers	
Subsection (i)	Every e-Money must ensure uninterrupted, high quality performance of the system. It must promptly inform the e-Money holders about any disruption or anticipated disruption in the system.	The Authority shall impose a fine of Nu.1,000.00.
	General provision In case of any non-compliance to the requirements of these e-Money Issuers Rules and Regulations 2017	 a) The Authority shall impose a fine of 0.025% of minimum paid-up capital. b) The e-Money Institutions shall be given 10 days for compliance.
		c) Thereafter, any non- compliance, the Authority shall revoke or suspend an authorization/licence.

13. Definition

In these rules and regulations, unless the context otherwise requires:

- a) "Act" means the Financial Services Act of Bhutan 2011;
- b) "Acts" means the Financial Services Act of Bhutan 2011 and the Royal Monetary Authority Act of Bhutan 2010, wherever applicable under the provisions of the Rules and Regulations;
- c) "**Authority**" means the Royal Monetary Authority of Bhutan as defined by the Royal Monetary Authority Act of Bhutan 2010;
- d) "**Financial Institutions**" means all the Financial Institutions as defined in the Financial Services Act of Bhutan 2011;
- e) "**Financial Service Provider**" means as defined in the Financial Services Act of Bhutan 2011;
- f) "Department" means respective Departments under the purview of the Royal Monetary Authority of Bhutan; and
- g) "Person" means as defined in the Financial Services Act of Bhutan 2011.